

Geography – Curriculum progression document Year A

Autumn	Weather and Seasons (T2)	Weather and Seasons (T2)	Weather and Seasons (taught in T3)	Scrumdiddlyumptious (TI)	Scrumdiddlyumptious (TI)	Climate Zones (TI)	Climate Zones (TI)
	EYFS	ΥI	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Overarching Key Question	How do we know which season it is?	How do we know which season it is?	How do we know which season it is?	What is life like living on a mountain?	What is life like living on a mountain?	Which is the best climate to live in? Why?	Which is the best climate to live in? Why?
National Curriculum	 ELG – Understanding the World People, culture, communities The natural world 	 Identify seasonal and dail United Kingdom 	y weather patterns in the	 Describe and understand geography, including: mo Describe and understand geography Name and locate key top UK (including mountains) 	untains I key aspects of human pographical features of the	Equator, Northern Her Hemisphere, the Tropi Capricorn and Arctic a	cs of Cancer and nd Antarctic Circle nd key aspects of: physical
Concept		Place and	d Space	Place an	nd Space	Place ar	nd Space
Place, space and scale		Scale and C	Connection	Scale and G	Connection	Scale and G	Connection
concepts overarching all units and further		Physical and Hur	nan Geography	Physical and Hu	man Geography	Physical and Hu	man Geography
concepts taught (See		Environment and Sustainability		Environment and Sustainability		Environment and Sustainability	
appendix I)		Culture and Diversity		Culture an	d Diversity	Culture an	d Diversity
Endpoint		Identify and describe seasona patterns in the UK.		Name and locate key topogra of the UK and the wider wor Describe and understand key geography, including: mounta	rld v aspects of physical	Identify the position and sig Equator, Northern Hemisp Hemisphere Describe and understand k geography, including: climat	here and Southern ey aspects of physical
Component Knowledge	What are the names of the seasons?What does it look like in each season?What is the season now?Which time of year is it hot?	 To know the names they occur 2. What are the difference 	of the months of the year of the seasons and when es between the seasons? between the seasons	 What is a mountain? To know what a mound world's 'Seven Summ What are the features and the featu	of a mountain? tures of mountains ade?	 Why does a place's logaffect its climate? To identify the diffe To know how latitie What on earth is a climate of the locating of the loca	ecation in the world erent lines of latitude ude is linked to climate
(EYFS to be explored through a range of ways during the term – art work, stories, photographs)	Which time of year is it cold? (EYFS to be explored through a range of ways during the term – art work, stories, photographs)	To know which sease clues in the environm	on we are in by using the nent around me ing and accessories we nt seasons ther's story?	 and explore mountai To analyse whether if for people to live 5. What are the UK's high 	limate of mountains is like n life mountains are suitable places	temperate and trop 4. How does the climate	ates differ around the omparisons between pical climates

		 To know how the weather changes daily by using a daily weather chart 5. How does the weather affect people's work? To know how the weather affects different jobs. 	 6. What is it like in the Himalayas? To know the importance of the Himalayas for people living in the region 	5. Wha plac • 1 5 6. Wha • 1
Geographical skills and fieldwork	Use geographical vocabulary relevant to the topic studied.	Know how to use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds.	 Find a map of the world, the UK, Europe, South America and Africa in an atlas. Use the eight compass points to describe locations of features and routes around a variety of different maps. Know how to identify features on world maps with an unfamiliar appearance (e.g. In an atlas, on Google maps, DigiMaps, with different colours, with countries labelled or on relief maps). Know how to use four figure grid references, symbols and a key. 	Find a ma America Use the features maps. Introduc key to de Use map mapping studied.
Vocabulary	sun	time	Mountain	hemisphe
KSI	rain	month	summit	axis
KS2	snow	season	hill	sphere
	wind	order	mountain range	season
	cloud	winter	landform	temperat
		spring	plates	tropical
		summer	fold	precipita
		autumn	mantle	temperat
		weather	fault-block	Mediterr
		clothing	slope	arid
		suitable	volcanoes	polar
		unsuitable	valley	Seville
		lightning	dome	Santiago
		snow	summit	
		rain	climate	
		sun	avalanche	
		wind	Equator	
		fog	environment	
		temperature	UK	
		affect	Himalayas	
			region	

Spring	Hot and Cold Places (T4)	Hot and Cold Places (T4)	Hot and Cold Places (T4)	Extreme Earth (T3/4)	Extreme Earth (T3/4)	North America (T3)	North America (T3)
	EYFS	ΥI	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Overarching Key Question	How do humans and animals survive in hot and cold places?	How do humans and animals survive in hot and cold places?	How do humans and animals survive in hot and cold places?	How does the Earth shake, rattle and roll?	How does the Earth shake, rattle and roll?	What human and physical features make North America an area of awe and wonder?	What human and physical features make North America an area of awe and wonder?

hat is the weather like on a typical day for aces in different climate zones?
To know how the climates of Seville and
Santiago are the same or different
hat is special about each climate zone? To identify the characteristics of each climate
zone
map of the world, the UK, Europe, South ca and Africa in an atlas.
e eight compass points to describe locations of es and routes around a variety of different
uce six figure grid references, symbols and a describe locations on a map.
aps, atlases, globes and digital/computer ng to locate countries and describe features d.
bhere
rature
al
tation
rate
erranean
30

National Curriculum	 ELG – Understanding the World People, culture, communities The natural world 	 Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles. Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify countries, continents and oceans studied in KSI 	 Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including: volcanoes and earthquakes. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. 	 Locate th on North environm character Identify t longitude Use map mapping studied. Describe and huma
Concept		Place and Space	Place and Space	and hum
		Scale and Connection	Scale and Connection	
Place, space and scale concepts overarching all		Physical and Human Geography	Physical and Human Geography	Phys
units and further concepts		Environment and Sustainability	Environment and Sustainability	Env
taught (See appendix I)		Culture and Diversity	Culture and Diversity	
Endpoint		Identify the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including: volcanoes and earthquakes.	Describe and human geogr
Component Knowledge (EYFS to be explored through a range of ways during the term – art work, stories, photographs)	How does the sun make us warm? What lives in a hot place? What lives in a cold place? (EYFS to be explored through a range of ways during the term – art work, stories, photographs)	 Where are the world's hot and cold places? To know hot and cold places in the world and locate them on a map What is it like in the world's hot and cold places? To know how features of a hot and a cold place are different Where can I find out about a hot or cold places (desert, rainforest or Antarctica)? To know about hot and cold places using pictures, videos and stories How do animals adapt to hot and cold places? To know which animals live in hot and cold places? To know which animals live in hot and cold places? To know which animals live in hot and cold places? To know which animals live in hot and cold places? To know which animals live in hot and cold places? To know which animals live in hot and cold places? To know which animals live in hot and cold places? To know which animals live in hot and cold places? To know how explorers prepare for hot and cold places 	 What lies beneath the surface of the Earth? To know how the Earth is structured and label these on a diagram What happens when the Earth's plates meet? To know where the boundaries of the Earth's tectonic plates are and, with support, label on a map To know what happens at the boundaries between the Earth's plates What goes on inside a volcano? To know what the cross section of a volcanoes are created To know what the cross section of a volcano looks like and label the features on a diagram How do earthquakes affect people and places? To know some of the effects of earthquakes on land and people What help do people need before and after an earthquake? To know what help people need after an earthquake What would it be like to live near a volcano? To know the advantages and disadvantages of living near a volcano 	 Where is To k worl To d inclu Where d America To k cour capi To k State What ar To k the F To k the p the ii What he erupted St Ha area Which U To ir a US To a locat

the world's countries, using maps to focus rth America, concentrating on its

nmental regions and key physical and human teristics.

y the position and significance of latitude and ude.

aps, atlases, globes and digital/computer

ng to locate countries and describe features d.

ibe and understand key aspects of physical Iman geography

Place and Space

Scale and Connection

ysical and Human Geography

nvironment and Sustainability

Culture and Diversity

and understand key aspects of physical and ography within a region of North America.

e is North America and what is it like?

how the location of North America on a brld map

b describe the location of North America cluding through using latitude and longitude.

e and what is the United States of ca?

how the names and location of untries in North America and their pitals

how the location of some of the different ates of America

are the Rockies like?

how the human and physical geography of e Rockies.

b know the location of the Rockies, some of e principal peaks and National Parks, using e index and map references in a world atlas.

happened when Mount St Helens ed?

how how the volcanic eruptions at Mount Helens had an impact of the surrounding ea

DUS state would I like to live in and why? b investigate and evaluate the key features of US state.

o analyse what makes this an attractive cation to humans

Geographical skills	Use geographical	To know a map of the world and of the UK in an atlas.	To find a map of the world, the UK, Europe, South	Find a map of
and fieldwork	vocabulary relevant		America and Africa in an atlas.	America in a
	to the topic studied.	To know the four compass points to describe locations		
		of features and routes around a variety of different	To consolidate - eight compass points to describe	Use the eig
		maps	locations of features and routes around a variety of different maps.	features and
		To know countries and the 7 continents on world		Consolidate
		maps with an unfamiliar appearance (e.g. In an atlas, on	To know how to identify features on world maps with	key to desc
		Google maps, maps with different colours, with	an unfamiliar appearance (e.g. In an atlas, on Google	
		countries labelled or on relief maps).	maps, DigiMaps, with different colours, with countries labelled or on relief maps).	Use maps, a to locate co
		To know and locate the 5 oceans – Independently	To consolidate four figure grid references, symbols and	
		To know that an atlas contains maps and helps us find	a key.	
		out about the world around us.	a key.	
Vocabulary	hot	weather	volcano	The Caribbo
KSI	cold	hot	plates	Central Am
KS2	world	cold	core	Denali
	weather	world	tectonic	Great Lakes
	rain	equator	mantle	latitude
	river	temperature	crust	longitude
		Arctic	boundaries	Mississippi R
		Antarctica	magma	Northern H
		North Pole	ash cloud	Western He
		South Pole	lava	Canada
		desert	central vent	Mexico
		rainforest	eruption	glacier habitat
		iceberg sand dunes	continent tectonic plates	mountain ra
		rain	Europe	national par
		river	North America	wilderness
		adapt	Ring of Fire	wildlife
		hibernate	advantage	Cascades
		habitat	disadvantage	eruption
		environment		mountain ra
				north-west
				facilities
				state
				human
				features
				landscape
				location
				physical feat
				urban
				rural

S	ummer	United Kingdom (T6)	United Kingdom (T6)	United Kingdom (T6)	Know Your Place (T5) (Fieldwork in Firle/Laughton)	Know Your Place (T5) (Fieldwork in Firle/Laughton)	Know You (Fieldwor
		EYFS	ΥI	Y2	Y3	Y4	

p of the world, the UK and United States of n an atlas.

ight compass points to describe locations of nd routes around a variety of different maps.

te **six** figure grid references, symbols and a scribe locations on a map.

, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping countries and describe features studied.

bean merica

es

i River Hemisphere Hemisphere

range ark

range st

atures

our Place (T5)	Know Your Place (T5)
ork in Lewes)	(Fieldwork in Lewes)
	-
Y5	Y6

Overarching Key Question	United Kingdom	United Kingdom	United Kingdom	Why are people attracted to our local area and why should we protect it?	Why are people attracted to our local area and why should we protect it?	How is Firle/Laughton connected to the local area and the wider world?
National Curriculum	 ELG – Understanding the World People, culture, communities The natural world 	 four countries and capit Kingdom and its surrou Use world maps, atlases United Kingdom and its countries, continents ar 	nding seas. s and globes to identify the countries, as well as the nd oceans studied in KSI vocabulary to refer to key	 Understand geographics differences through the physical geography of a Kingdom Use fieldwork to obserpresent the human and local area using a range 	study of human and region of the United ve, measure, record and physical features in the	 Understand geographica differences through the physical geography of a r Kingdom Use fieldwork to observ present the human and p local area using a range of
Concept			nd Space	Place ar	nd Space	Place an
Place, space and scale		Scale and G	Connection	Scale and	Connection	Scale and C
concepts overarching all		Physical and Hu	man Geography	Physical and Hu	man Geography	Physical and Hur
units and further concepts		Environment ar	nd Sustainability	Environment a	nd Sustainability	Environment an
taught (See appendix I)		Culture an	d Diversity	Culture an	d Diversity	Culture and
Endpoint		Describe locations and feat	ures of the UK on a map.	Use fieldwork to observe, r present the human and phy area using a range of metho	sical features in the local	Use fieldwork to observe, m present the human and physi area using a range of method
Component Knowledge (EYFS to be explored through a range of ways during the term – art work, stories, photographs)	What country do I live in? What town/village do I live in? What places have I visited in the UK? (EYFS to be explored through a range of ways during the term – art work, stories, photographs)	 countries of the UK 2. What can I find out at To know the four or surrounding seas of 3. What are the UK's content To know the difference physical features in 4. What are the UK's can 	and location of the four bout the United Kingdom? apital cities and the UK untries like? ences between human and the UK pital cities like? n and physical features of bital cities. t a country in the UK?	 aerial image in relativit and describe the features seen 2. What is special about To compare difference area and to develop change in the local of the local of	ar and far? on of the local area on an ion to other places around key human and physical my local area? Int perspectives on the local o enquiry questions about area bout from a walk in my se fieldwork to observe, d a range of data on the features in the local area, thods map to show what we the local area? ecord the features of the ketch map int perspectives on the local maged over time? ocesses of settlement and	 How do my local area the wider world? To know local, regio international links to Can I identify and loca my region? To know the princip within the UK using How might our region To know how a regi- its population Fieldwork - Is this a plate To know how to gate urban fieldwork of h people's needs To know how to ana fieldwork How can I create a need have visited? To know how to ana fieldwork How can I create a need have visited? To know how to ana fieldwork

stand geographical similarities and nces through the study of human and al geography of a region of the United om

eldwork to observe, measure, record and at the human and physical features in the rea using a range of methods

Place and Space

Scale and Connection

ysical and Human Geography

vironment and Sustainability

Culture and Diversity

ork to observe, measure, record and e human and physical features in the local a range of methods

do my local area and my region fit into ider world?

know local, regional, national and ternational links to the local area

identify and locate the main features of gion?

b know the principal features of a region thin the UK using a regional map

might our region meet people's needs?

know how a region can meet the needs of population

vork - Is this a place fit for people?

b know how to gather evidence through ban fieldwork of how a region is meeting ople's needs

how how to analyse the results of our ldwork

can I create a needs map of the place I visited?

how how to annotate an Ordnance rvey map to accurately locate specific sites

does our region meet people's needs?

o present and communicate geographical formation about the region, using maps and riting at length

			 To create a sketch map of the local area showing possible future changes 	
Geographical skills and fieldwork	Use geographical vocabulary relevant to the topic studied.	 To know a map of the UK in an atlas. To know the 5 capital cities in the UK – London, Cardiff, Edinburgh, Belfast, Dublin. To know the four compass points to describe locations of features on a variety of different maps (progression from Yr I if previously covered). To draw a simple map with a key (real location; beginning to use OS map symbols) 	To know a map of the U.K. in an atlas. To know eight compass points to describe locations of features and routes around a variety of different maps – N, NE, E, SE, S, SW, W, NW To know four figure grid references, symbols and a key Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.	To know an South Amer To know the locations of different ma To know for and a key to Use fieldwor present the area using a plans and gr
Vocabulary KSI KS2		map world country England Scotland Wales Northern Ireland capital London Edinburgh Cardiff Belfast Union Jack human physical features nature		

Appendix 1 Taken from Geographical Association: Primary geography curriculum content (https://www.geography.org.uk/Primary-geography--curriculum-content)

'Geography knowledge is rarely static. The subject is dynamic because the world, and our understanding of it, is continually changing. Yet some key geographical concepts are enduring and will be relevant in any geography curriculum past, present or future:

- 'Space' the location of points, features or regions in absolute and /or relative terms and the relationships, flows and patterns that connect and / or define them.
- 'Place' a construct that is defined in terms of what it is like, what happens there and how and why it is changing. •
- 'Scale' the 'zoom lens' that enables us to view places from global to local levels.'

and find a map of the world, the UK, Europe, erica and Africa in an atlas.

the eight compass points to describe of features and routes around a variety of naps.

four and six figure grid references, symbols to describe locations on a map

vork to observe, measure, record and e human and physical features in the local a range of methods, including sketch maps, graphs, and digital technologies.